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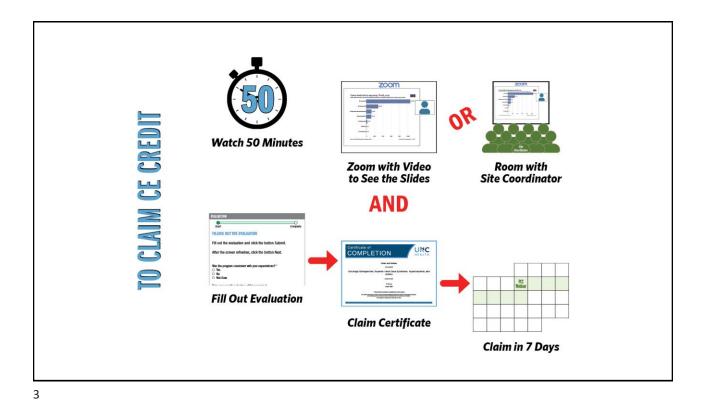
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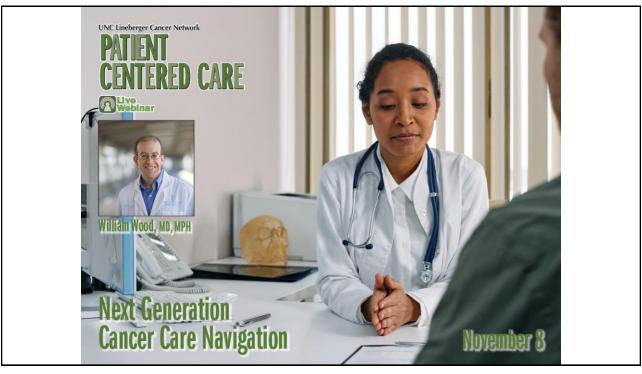
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### PRESENTER



William A. Wood,

Dr. William Wood, MD, MPH is a hematologist and oncologist with a clinical focus in blood cancers, hematopoietic cell transplantation and cellular therapy. Research interests include novel strategies to measure and intervene upon physical function during and after cancer treatment. Digital biomarker development, physiologic sensor integration, home-based functional assessments, patient reported outcomes implementation, and health coaching are areas of current efforts. A major goal is to leverage emerging technologies to improve the cancer patient experience.

He is involved in a number of local, state-wide, national and international digital medicine collaborations and research initiatives. He is also the current chair of the American Society of Hematology Research Collaborative's Data Hub Oversight Group. The ASH Research Collaborative Data Hub aims to become one of the world's largest repositories of research grade clinical data in selected benign and malignant hematologic diseases, starting with sickle cell disease and multiple myeloma, with expansion expected to other diseases over the next several years.

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## UR PRESENTE

## JR PRESENTE

William Wood, MD MPH, is a Professor at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill in the Division of Hematology in the Department of Medicine.

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## UR PRESENTE

- William Wood, MD MPH, is a Professor at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill in the Division of Hematology in the Department of Medicine.
- He graduated medical school from Duke University in 2003 and completed his Hematology/Oncology Fellowship at UNC in 2010.

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- He is the medical director for patient navigation at the UNC Cancer Center.
- 1 He is the Medical Director for Education and Outreach

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Cancer care navigation is an important component in achieving good patient outcomes.

(A) True

(B) False

0%

This activity has been planned and implemented under the sole supervision of the Course Director, William A. Wood, MD, MPH, in association with the UNC Office of Continuing Professional Development (CPD). The course director and CPD staff have no relevant financial relationships with ineligible companies as defined by the ACCME.

A potential conflict of interest occurs when an individual has an opportunity to affect educational content about health-care products or services of a commercial interest with which he/she has a financial relationship. The speakers and planners of this learning activity have not disclosed any relevant financial relationships with any commercial interests pertaining to this activity.

The presenter has no relevant financial relationships with ineligible companies as defined by the ACCME.

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### NCPD Activity #: L23019 1.0 Contact Hours Provided

### Relevant Financial Relationship:

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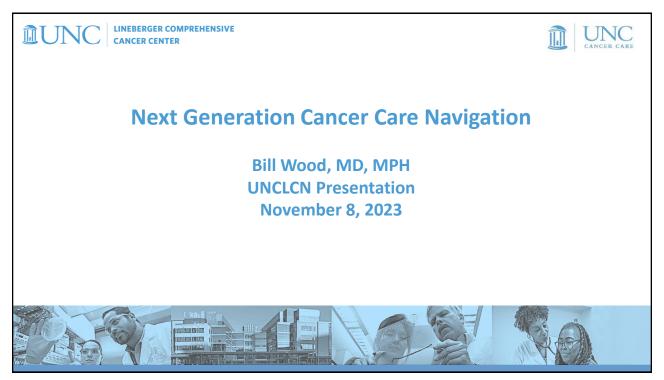
### Criteria for Activity Completion:

Criteria for successful completion requires attendance at the NCPD activity and submission of an evaluation within 30 days.

### Approved Provider Statement:

UNC Health is approved as a provider of nursing continuing professional development by the North Carolina Nurses Association, an accredited approver by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation.





### **Objectives**

Objective 1 Identify informatics tools that can facilitate population-based cancer care navigation.

Objective 2 Discuss how population-based cancer care navigation can be designed with equity in mind.

Objective 3 List current national initiatives that have been developed to support the development and sustainability of cancer care navigation.



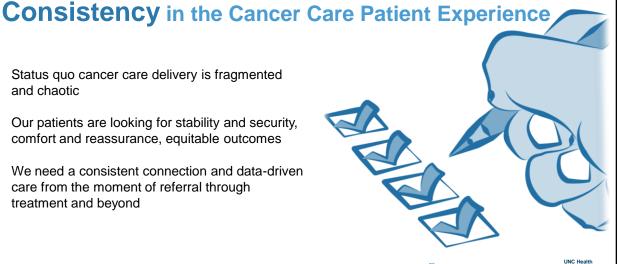


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### **Background Needs**

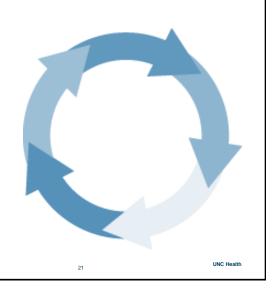
Status quo cancer care delivery is fragmented

- and chaotic
- Our patients are looking for stability and security, comfort and reassurance, equitable outcomes
- We need a consistent connection and data-driven care from the moment of referral through treatment and beyond



### **Background Needs**

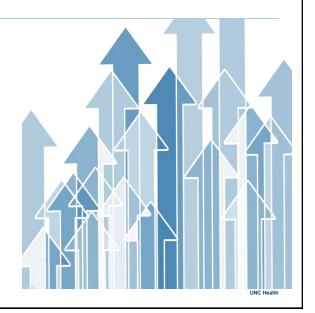
- It is easy for patients to become "lost" or to miss scheduled appointments because of non-medical barriers to care (transportation, child care, financial strain, etc)
- Missed visits lead to delays in care, adverse clinical outcomes, and worsened disparities



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### **Background Needs**

- Patients considering treatment will sometimes reach out to multiple cancer programs
- Programs that provide the best initial experience are the most likely to retain patients
- Retention is a key component of timely treatment initiation



### **Background Needs**

- An abundance of evidence shows that use of palliative care, psychosocial care, physical rehabilitation, and nutrition are associated with better outcomes and lower costs.
- Current referral processes are not centralized, leading to missed opportunities to delivery comprehensive supportive care.



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### **Navigation Value Proposition**

**HEALTHCARE TRANSFORMATION** —An effective centralized navigation program can deliver a comprehensive population management experience that is patient-centered and focused on improving health outcomes at lower cost.

RISK STRATIFICATION — We can target resources more efficiently by assessing patients' social and clinical risk to direct the right level of care and services at the right time across the patient journey.

CARE VARIATION —Through designing structured care coordination pathways we can streamline care delivery and referral processes, optimizing access and reducing variation across the oncology continuum



### **Central Navigation Program at the UNC Medical Center**



### Overview

- Centralized and standardized approach to early and frequent outreach
- New personnel (ONNs, OPNs) to complement and integrate with clinic navigators
- Patients are assessed before initial presentation, as treatment planned, and upon treatment initiation to guide implementation of cancer patient navigation services

### **Existing Components**

- Social determinants of health and pre-existing medical needs proactively compiled
- Pathways for supportive care referrals and billable services
- · Ability to collect patient reported outcomes

### **Current Scope (FY 2023)**

- 1,910 new patients
- Average 5 touchpoints per patient, 10 interventions per patient





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### **New Roles and Responsibilities in Navigation**

### **CANCER CARE NAVIGATOR DEFINITIONS**

### Oncology <u>Volunteer</u> Navigators

Community or student volunteers who are trained to identify and communicate patients and families' needs to the medical team.

From a barrier assessment, they refer patients and families to appropriate resources, while offering emotional support.

OVN oversight is provided by a Nurse Navigator who completes EHR documentation, data entry and referral.

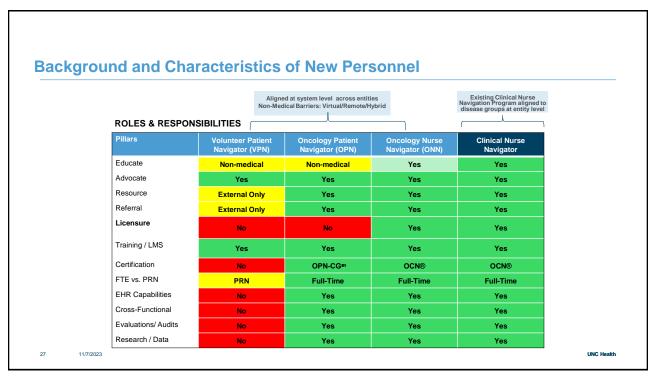
### Oncology PATIENT Navigators

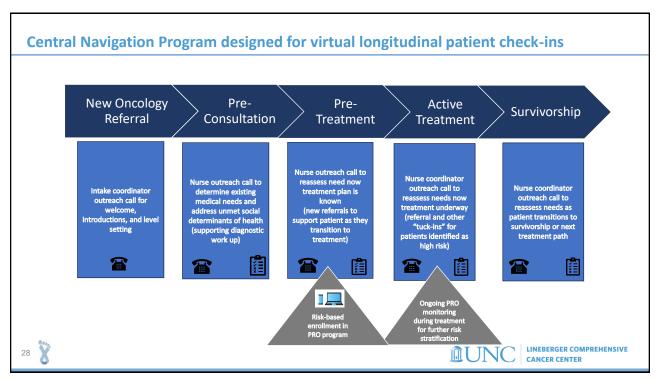
Highly trained (and can be board certified) professionals who specialize in working directly with cancer patients and their families to identify and decrease potential non-medical barriers to care. They are resource specialists and their goal is to mitigate challenges by connecting patients with eligible resources and support services available both within UNC Health and in the community.

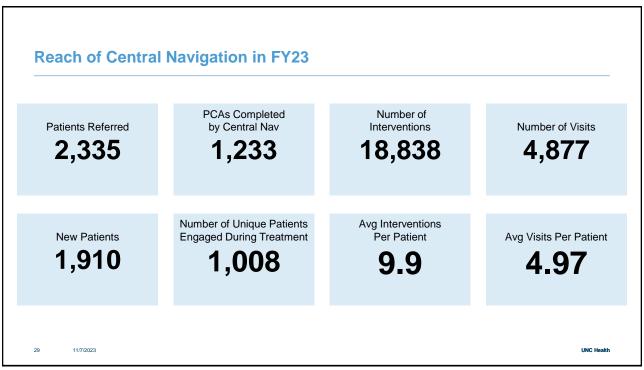
### Oncology Nurse Navigators

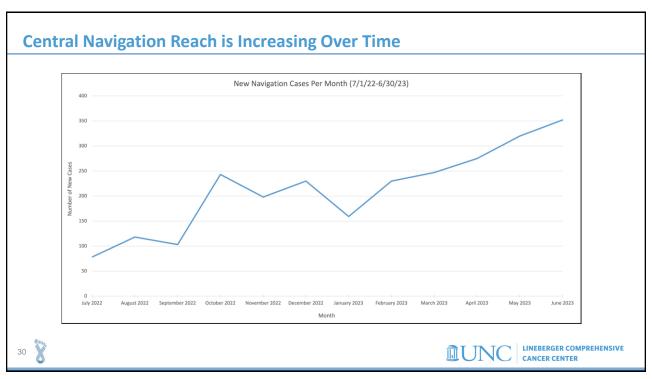
Experienced oncology registered nurses trained to specialize in identifying and decreasing clinical barriers to care for you and your family through the full continuum of your cancer treatment from diagnosis through survivorship. The ONN is embedded in the multidisciplinary clinical care team as a central point of contact for you and your family to assist in coordinating all components involved in cancer care and connect you to resources to help support you through your treatment.

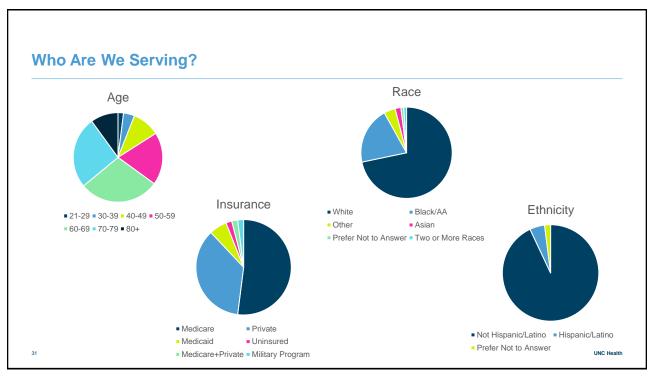
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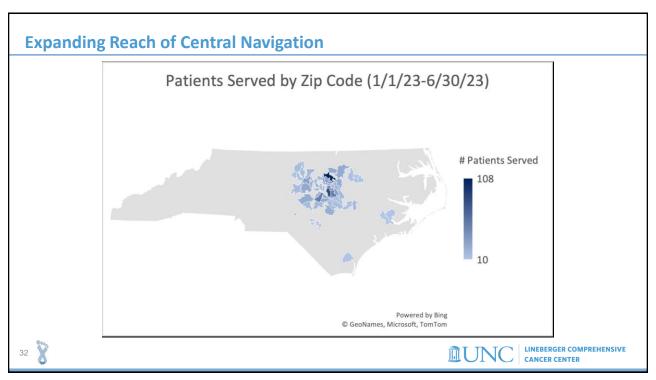






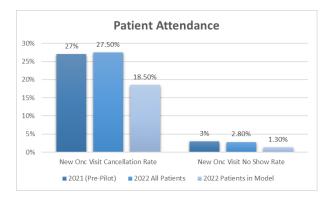




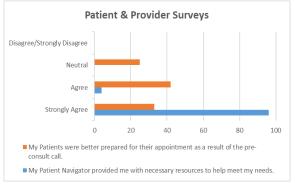


### **Central Navigation Improves Attendance and Support**

New Consult Cancellation Rates decreased by 33% New Consult No Show Rates decreased by 50%



Providers and Patients report feeling more supported prior to Oncology Consult.



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### **Central Navigation Supports Health Equity**

Identified Black		Identified White
430	Patients	1376
4.2	Visits per Patient	3.5
8.39	Interventions per Patient	7.95
4.12	Risk Factors per Patient	2.93
\$113,831	<b>Funds Disbursed</b>	\$279,915
17.9%	% of Population w/ Funds Disbursed	10%
\$1,478.23	\$ per Patient	\$2,028.37*
Financial Navigation Transportation Form Literacy	Top Interventions	Consultation Prep Financial Navigation Diagnosis Education

\*Reflects higher co-pay assistance due to higher commercial payer mix

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11/7/2023

### **Embedded Cancer Care Delivery Research at UNC** Research, care, and **Routine Cancer Care** informatics infrastructure supports **Meeting Unmet Needs** intervention Social Determinants of Health **Care Delivery** TBD development and **New Patient Screening** Navigation implementation Advanced Care at Home · Interventions are **Preparing for Care** Infrastructure supported by grant-Cancer Prehabilitation Informatics funded research Research TBD **EPIC** Cancer Care Program facilitates Delivery and HA/ISD multistakeholder Aging Pod NC TRACS **Providing Treatment Support** engagement and Proactive Symptom Surveillance career development **TBD** Urgent Care at Home Evidence generation informs the learning **Living Well With Cancer** healthcare system TBD Health Coaching with UNC HealthScore **TBD** LINEBERGER COMPREHENSIVE 35 **CANCER CENTER**

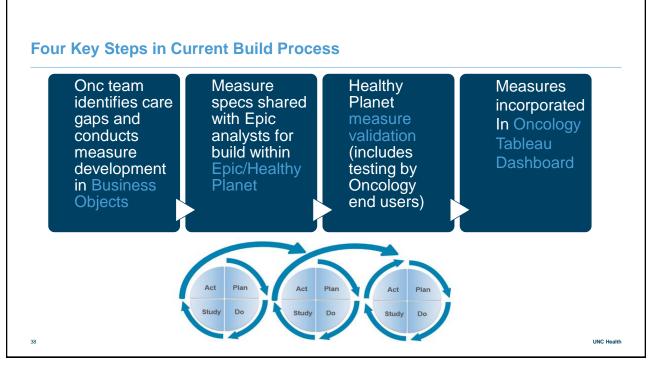
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### **Population Health Management in Oncology Care**

- PHM works to improve outcomes among groups of individuals
  - Identify patients in real time
  - Use risk stratification to proactively target service provision
  - Monitor care quality to support quality planning and improvement
- Successful PHM infrastructure enables real-time insights for identifying care gaps that can be addressed to improve outcomes among groups of individuals
- Requires integration with Electronic Health Record (EHR)

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### Population perspective useful to improve oncology clinical outcomes **Practice Transformation Patient Identification** Personalized Interventions Monitoring & Reporting & Risk Assessment · Patient Experience · Care Process Respond to quality gaps Assess Risk · Health Outcomes Respond to payer quality EHR Social Determinants measures registries / Care Equity Promote integration by queries / Clinical Trial Eligibility Utilization & Value disseminating solutions referrals across the Triangle Clinical Trial Symptom Enrollment Promote integration through Assessment bidirectional learning Provider & Staff Outcomes **Evidence-Based Practices** LINEBERGER COMPREHENSIVE **CANCER CENTER**



### **UNC Cancer RWD Powers Tailored Interventions and Embedded Research Navigation Assessment Score** Navigation intake Navigation follow-up Health Alliance EPIC demographics, frequency, intensity SDOH, comorbidities ISD **UNC Cancer Navigation HealthScore** Patient-reported PRO-Core symptoms and Health coaching in movement, function mood, meaning CHAI **UNC HealthScore** EPIC age, cancer, **Acute Care Event Risk Score** Home-based remote monitoring NC TRACS treatment, prior **UNC Cancer Navigation** ED/hosp **UNC Lineberger** High Risk UNC Advanced Care at Home LINEBERGER COMPREHENSIVE **CANCER CENTER**

### **New Decision Support Tools for Navigation**

### **Navigation Assessment Score**

- · Currently assessed prior to initial visit and again as treatment initiated
- Identifies pre-existing clinical and social vulnerabilities that often result in barriers to care

### **Time-to-Treatment Monitor**

- Ticker starts after one of 5 triggering events
- Enables identification of patients who cross pre-set time thresholds

### **Acute Care Event Risk Score**

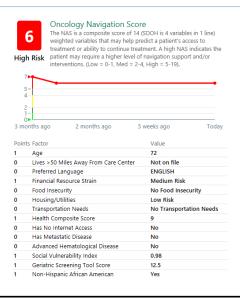
- Update of previously published PROACT model (Grant et al 2019)
- Uses cancer diagnosis, therapy, age, and prior ED/Hosp event to predict risk of unplanned acute care event within 30 days of therapy initiation (Stein et al, JCO JOP)







### **Navigation Assessment Score**



Who: Navigation Team member

What: Risk stratification

Where: Patient in the comfort of own home, away

from stressors of first clinic visit

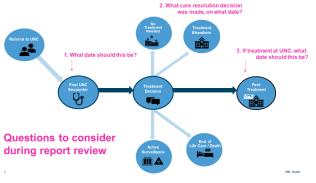
When: Assessed during a pre-consult outreach call

Why: Immediate needs mitigated (i.e., transportation to consult appointment), appropriate early interventions initiated (i.e., early social work referral, financial assistance application), ongoing support planned (weekly check in calls to assess for treatment support needs, unreported symptoms, emotional support, etc), all leading to better access and ability to continue treatment

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### **Time-to-Treatment Monitor**

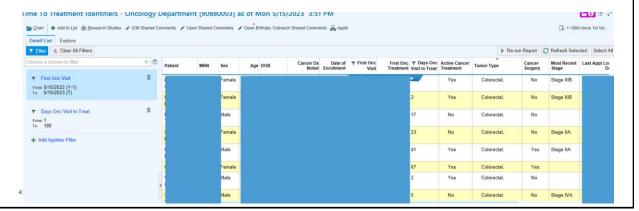
- Goal: To have a report that navigators/care teams can use to identify patients who may be at risk of having a harmful delay in treatment initiation
- Time-to-Treatment Report Built and Being Tested
  - o Identifies first encounter with cancer diagnosis and counts each day that passes without indication of treatment
  - Report is being piloted with GI navigation teams
  - Simultaneously identifying ways to automate turning the ticker off (e.g., hospice enrollment, death)



### Time to Treatment Monitor Report

### Incorporation of triggering events

First encounter with oncology provider, date of first path report, first date with cancer diagnosis, date of inpatient d/c with cancer dx, or central navigation enrollment date



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### Unplanned Acute Care Events (ACEs) in cancer care are a problem

ACEs drive poor quality of life and costs. Some ACEs are preventable with improved supportive care.

ACEs among high-risk cancers

30%

Marginalized (Black, Language-barrier Medicaid) Patients

33%

NC residents diagnosed with Thoracic Cancer

8,810

NC residents diagnosed with Colorectal Cancer

4,740

NC residents diagnosed with Leukemia/Lymphoma

4,660



LINEBERGER COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER

### If we reduce ACEs, we can improve outcomes and equity

- Unplanned acute care events (ACEs) are a major driver of patient experience & cancer care costs
  - Well-established disparities in ACEs
  - · UNC is no exception
- Implementing a symptom (PRO) monitoring, data-driven approach may equitably reduce unplanned ACEs
  - · Improve treatment tolerability
  - Increase effectiveness of care delivery





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### Who will benefit?

How can we know if she's at high risk for ED visit/ hospitalization, and avoid these?

If she is high risk, how can we be sure someone can help me watch out for her and help avoid complications?

She lives alone. How can we be sure she gets help when she needs it?

Mrs. Jackson is a 72-year-old healthy woman with metastatic pancreatic cancer. Previously fit, now she has weight loss, fatigue, and pain. She is widowed and lives independently in Clayton. Spending quality time with her family is her main priority. But she also wants to do what she can to live to see her grandchild graduate from NC State next year.



We plan for multiagent chemotherapy. But...

If she needs something, can she get help where she lives?

> How can we make sure she gets the treatment she wants, without delays or interruptions?

How can we understand her experience with treatment along the way?



### Our prior, applied academic work provides important foundational knowledge

- Adapted previously published predictive model
  - based on 30-day ACE risk
- Used 4 simple characteristics to predict 30-day risk
  - Age
  - · Prior emergency department/hospital use
  - Cancer type
  - Treatment type
- Leaned into practice partnerships to
  - Identify targeted improvement opportunities
  - Establish plausible workflow integrations for care innovation
  - Develop evaluation plans with built in rapid cycle tests of change for sustainment





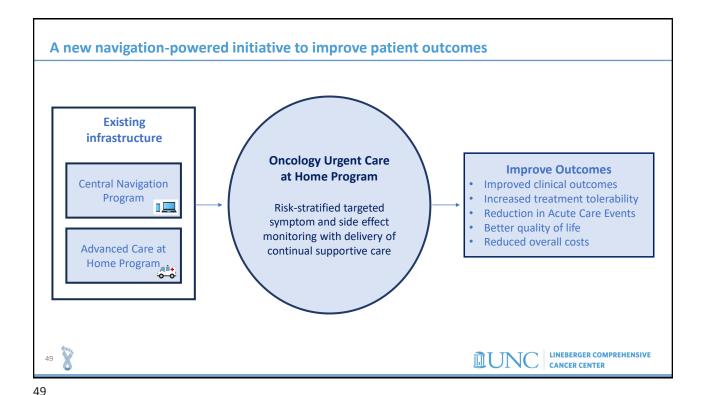
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### **Risk-Stratified PRO Workflow Integration**

- Identifying Opportunities to Enhance Design for Improved Workflow Integration
  - · Predictors included in clinical risk model
  - Care coordination between Clinical and Central Navigation teams as well as care coordination between Navigation and Triage Nurse teams
- PRO-survey Build Underway
- Pilot to begin in before end of year



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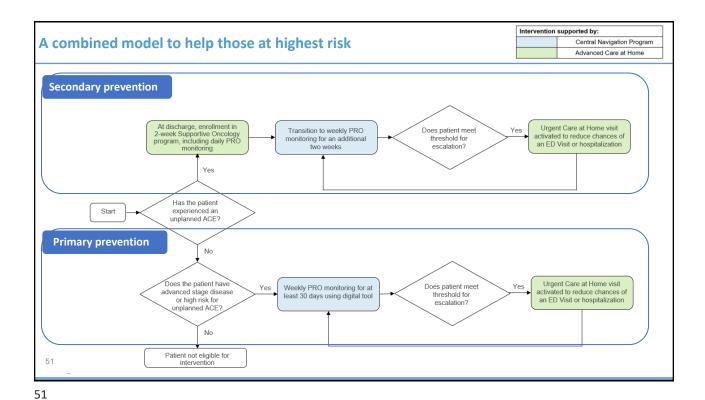
Advanced Care at Home program operational with virtual and in-person care

MISSION CONTROL

Virtual care and monitoring provided by Hospitalists, Nurse Practitioners, RNs and Service Coordinators

ACH IN-HOME
TECHNOLOGY
Enabling the delivery of care in the virtual hospital model

TECHNOLOGY
Enabling the delivery of care in the virtual hospital model



Finalize protocols and infrastructure build with stakeholder engagement

### **Primary prevention**

- Identify high-risk patients via predictive model
- Social determinants of health monitoring
- Symptom and function monitoring weekly for 30+ days
- Escalation alerts for activation of Urgent Care at Home

### **Secondary prevention**

- Identify patients by unplanned acute care event occurrence
- Symptom monitoring daily for 2 weeks, weekly for week 3-4+
- Escalation alerts for activation of Urgent Care at Home







LINEBERGER COMPREHENSIVE

**CANCER CENTER** 

# Patients with malignant hematologic, GI cancer at higherisk of Acute Care at Home (risk-stratified proactive outreach and supportive Care Events Targeted enrollment to primary / 2ndary / prevention programs (70% enrolled, 490 annually) Pragmatic and Practice-embedded Study

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### **Navigation Capacity-Building Initiative Grants**

Boston Medical Center
City of Hope
Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center
Harris Health System
Harold C. Simmons CCC, UT Southwestern
HIMA San Pablo Oncologico-Caguas
Huntsman Cancer Institute, University of Utah
Markey Cancer Center-University of Kentucky
Montefiore Einstein Cancer Center
Rush University Medical Center
Stanford Cancer Institute

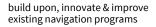
Stephenson Cancer Center, University of OK
University Of Alabama Birmingham
University of Chicago Medicine
University of Colorado Denver
University of New Mexico CCC
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
University of Southern California
University of Texas Health
Virginia Commonwealth University,
Massey Cancer Center

### **Support & Capacity Building Initiative**

Key Program Components: Provide capacity building and support to select health systems to advance high-quality cancer care through innovative, sustainable models of oncology patient navigation that address barriers to care for under-resourced populations.

### Financial resources and capacity-building support

3-year grants to enhance institutional navigation, especially those from populations traditionally excluded



### **Learning Community**

platform for grantees to share best practices, lessons learned, and access training and expertise.

multi-institutional

### Comprehensive evaluation and data sharing

data will be harmonized and analyzed with the intent to:

 share with the larger oncology community and support the development of future programs and policy objectives



Every cancer. Every life

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### **Sustainability:** Eight domains of sustainability identified within the Patient Navigation Sustainability Assessment Tool

Engaged staff and leadership

 having frontline staff and management within the organization who are supportive of the practice.

Communication, planning and implementation – using processes that guide the direction, goals and strategies of the practice. Organization context and

capacity – the practice has the internal support and resources needed to effectively screen and navigate patients/clients.

6

Workflow integration – designing the practice to fit into existing practices and technologies.

3

**Funding stability** – the practice has established a consistent financial base.

7

Monitoring and evaluation – assessing the practice to inform planning and

document results.

4

Engaged community – the practice has external support and engagement beyond the clinical navigation team.

8

**Outcomes and effectiveness** – understanding and measuring practice outcomes and impact of the practice.

Citation: Dwyer, A., Weltzien, E., and Harty, N. (2019). Patient Navigation Sustainability Assessment Tool for Preventive Cancer Screening. Colorado School of Public Health and University of Colorado Cancer Center, Aurora, CO



### **UNC Participation in ACS Navigation Learning Community**



### Aim 1:

- Decision support implementation and tests of change
  - Rapid Cycle PDSAs to optimize builds and implementation



### Aim 2:

- Effectiveness evaluation
  - Treatment delays, tolerability, and PROs



### Aim 3:

- Impact on navigator staff work-related well-being
- Job satisfaction, work engagement, and burnout



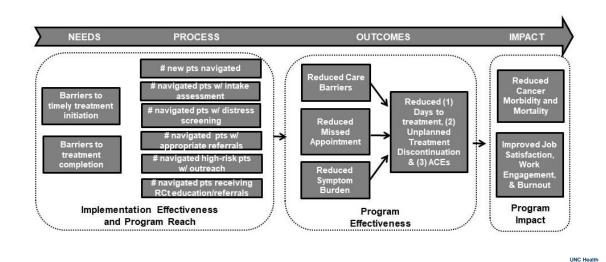
### Aim 4:

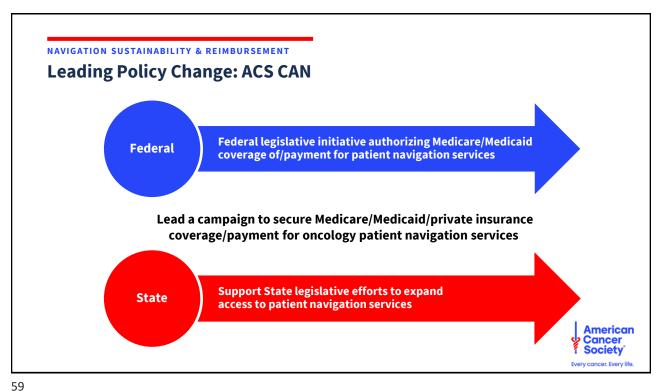
 Communication strategy and spread

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### **ACS Grant Evaluation Framework**





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### **Coming Soon: EPIC tools and releases**

### Care Companion

- · Digital Assistant throughout the care journey
- · Education, PROs, calendar functions
- · Available to UNC and used in other disease areas
- · Other centers have explored (Ochsner, Mayo)

### eSym

- PRO surveillance tested in multicenter Cancer Moonshot-funded effort
- Included in EPIC Foundation Build in Aug 2023
- · Will eventually replace our in-process temporary PRO surveillance solution

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### **Coming Soon: Navigation Reimbursement Opportunities**

### Proposed new codes for CMS

- · Principal illness navigation
- · Social determinants of health risk assessments
- Caregiver training services, community health integration services

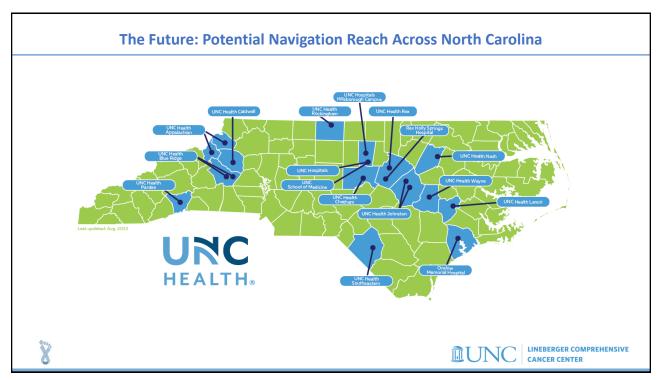
### Existing codes

- · Remote patient monitoring
- · Care coordination

### Next steps

• Determine necessary workflows and feasibility for implementation

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Thank you.



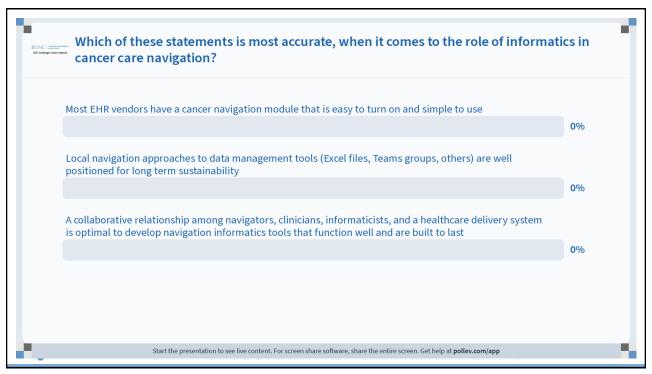
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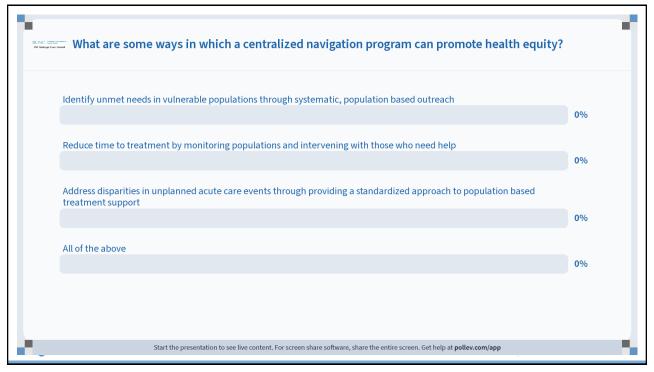
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- Knudsen KE, Wiatrek DE, Greenwald J, McComb K, Sharpe K. The American Cancer Society and patient navigation: Past and future perspectives. Cancer. 2022 Jul 1;128 Suppl 13:2673-2677. doi: 10.1002/cncr.34206. PMID: 35699608.
- Osterman CK, Sanoff HK, Wood WA, Fasold M, Lafata JE. Predictive Modeling for Adverse Events and Risk Stratification Programs for People Receiving Cancer Treatment. JCO Oncol Pract. 2022 Feb;18(2):127-136. doi: 10.1200/OP.21.00198. Epub 2021 Sep 1. PMID: 34469180; PMCID: PMC9213197.
- Wood WA, Bailey C, Castrogivanni B, Mehedint D, Bryant AL, Lavin K, Tan X, Richardson J, Qian Y, Tan KR, Kent EE. Piloting HealthScore: Feasibility and acceptability of a clinically integrated health coaching program for people living with cancer. Cancer Med. 2023 Apr;12(7):8804-8814. doi: 10.1002/cam4.5625. Epub 2023 Jan 16. PMID: 36647557; PMCID: PMC10134320.













### **University Cancer** Research Fund



### **UNC Lineberger Cancer Network**

### The Telehealth Team

Tim Poe, Director

Veneranda Obure, Technology Support Specialist Jon Powell, PhD, Continuing Education Specialist Oliver Marth, Technology Support Technician

Andrew Dodgson, DPT, Continuing Education Specialist Patrick Muscarella, Technology Support Technician Lindsey Reich, MA, Public Communication Specialist

Barbara Walsh, DNP, MPH, MSN, RN, Nurse Planner

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## LIVE WEBINAR





**Lung Cancer Screening Essentials** Jason Long, MD, MPH Kim Shoenbill, MD, PhD, MS Michelle Ottersbach, MS, MS, DNP, RN, CNL, CRCR





November 15 12:00 PM

November 8 4:00 PM

**Update on Prostate Cancer Screening** Marc Bjurlin, DO, MSc, FACOS





December 6 12:00 PM

Alternative Treatments for Keratinocyte Malignancies Puneet Singh Jolly, MD, PhD

Complete details on upcoming Live Webinars: learn.unclcn.org/live-webinars

# SELF-PACED, ONLINE COURSES





Overview of Clinical Trials for the APP Clarissa Urban, PA-C





Sarcoma Management in North Carolina: Updates for 2023

Mark Woodcock, MD





Improving Recognition and Treatment of Cognitive Problems in Cancer **Zev Nakamura**, MD

Complete details on our Self-Paced, Online Courses: learn.unclcn.org/spoc

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# HANK YOU FOR PARTICIPATING!

### **UNC Lineberger Cancer Network**

Email: unclcn@unc.edu Call: (919) 445-1000

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